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# KING'S

# FRUIT TREE BULLETIN

PUBLISHED IN THE INTEREST OF BETTER FRUIT

VOLUME II.

DANSVILLE, N. Y., FALL, 1913

NUMBER 4

# KING BROTHERS NURSERIES

Men who conduct a nursery business must be alive. They must be out in their fields with their boots on in all conditions of weather. They must know how to care for their living plants, -how to grow them, protect them, handle them, and, if they are to be permanently successful, they must be honest and alert men in selling them. Trees are perishable things, a little inattention to some detail of their propagation and they are worthless, a little undue exposure to wind or frost in handling them and they are dead. And planters, as a rule, do not know all about nursery trees. A man may be able to judge the worth of a farm or city lot with great exactness; he may be able to use the best judgment in the purchase of a suit of clothes, for instance, and know exactly what he is getting, but when it comes to buying fruit trees, it is the part of prudence for him to find some man in whom he can trust for information and assistance in making his purchase. In the fall of 1911, I had the pleasure of writing an article for a leading farm paper, The Rural New Yorker of New York City, and, in this article on the "Story of a Tree," I made use of the following words: "Every fruit grower should select his nursery firm with as much care as he would an Insurance Society. Figure it out and the original cost of a tree is comparatively small considering the outlay that is involved in planting and caring for it until it comes to maturity. What folly then to take the cheapest things to be had with little or no knowledge of the parties from whom they are bought! Years of labor, use of land and skilled attention are often absolutely thrown away when it develops that the trees in the orchard are not at all what they were supposed to be when planted." In order, therefore, that I may give planters and all our old customers and friends a better understanding of the essential features of King Brothers Nurseries, I presume to write this little article on the nursery firm of which I am the senior member and salesman. I wish to state frankly what we stand for and why we invite you to give our firm your serious consideration in placing your order for fruit trees this fall.

LOCATION .- Our nurseries are at Dansville, N. Y. The great valley of the Genesee extends from Lake Ontario fifty miles southward across Western New York. Dansville, a village of 5000 population, is situated at the head of this valley with high undulating hills surrounding the town. One of the first settlers started a nursery here in the early days and the business has grown steadily through all the years. There are over 20 million fruit trees growing at Dansville now; and many of the large retail firms at Rochester and else-

## By Martin King, Jr.

where have thousands and thousands of trees propagated here on contract. It is a remarkable fact that San Jose Scale has never been found in the upper Genesee Valley. The trees are all carefully inspected by state officers, in fact a state nursery inspector resides at Dansville and examines every scion that comes into the town and every tree that is grown here so that every precaution is taken to protect the growers here and the planters who buy Dansville grown trees.

THE SOIL.—The chief factor in our success in growing trees in this valley is the adaptibility of the soil. There are sixteen distinct soil types within a radius of five miles of the town and we are thus able to select ground best suited for the culture of the different kinds and varieties of trees. Some of our stock are grown at an elevation of 500 feet above sea level on the Genesce silt loam of the valley floor, while we have other kinds on our hill land at an elevaton of 1100 feet. All the soil is well drained artifically, thus giving the best chance for good root development.

CLIMATE.—Our winters are not too severe but cold enough to make our trees very hardy and firm in texture. Our trees actually weigh more for the same caliper and height than stock propagated in the south or on the prairie soils of the west.

WORKMANSHIP.—We have grown trees here all our lives. Martin King, the founder of King Brothers' Nurseries, was established in the nursery business in Dansville thirty-five years ago. We were brought up in the business and if you visit us during the growing season, you will find us right out in our nurseries, giving our personal attention to every detail of the work. We are ever ready to begin the propagation of new and promising varieties and to adopt new methods that seem to us to be worthy of trial. We are assisted in our labors by skilled workmen. In fact some of the men who help us receive \$3.50 per day during the budding and packing season. This is important to planters in view of the fact that so much of this work in large nursery corporations, no matter how attractive their catalogues and advertising may appear, is turned over to uninterested and indifferent workmen. The editor of a national farm paper once told me that very many nursery firms gave splendid service to planters until they grew so large that the real work of growing and handling the trees was turned over to workmen who were only interested in getting their pay on Saturday night.

SHIPPING FACILITIES.—We have a branch road that connects with the Erie Railroad twelve miles down the valley. If our trees are shipped over this road, they are usually sent to Rochester, N. Y., and transferred to the different railroads at this point. We use this road in shipping in carload lots, but to give our customers the best service on smaller shipments in boxes, we use the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad, the main line of which runs through Dansville. The Lackawanna is one of the finest and fastest railroads in the world, giving quick direct freight service between Buffalo and New York City. We can get freight through west to Michigan or east to the New England States in four days over this road. It also gives rapid transfer service to railroads running into Pennsylvania and southern points.

SELLING PLAN.—We employ no agents. This bulletin is our catalogue. We have thousands of copies printed for a few dollars. It is gotten up in plain, simple style and mailed direct to farmers and fruit growers for one penny per copy. By this plan, we have reduced the cost of selling to the lowest possible mark. We claim that this bulletin furnishes buyers with as much information as the expensive catalogues of our competitors. In buying of us therefore, you pay no agents' commissions or printers' bills for fancy catalogues. We invite all our friends to interest their neighbors in getting together on a club order, thus saving in freight and mutually sharing the reduction in price that we offer on trees in 100 or 1000 lots.

OUR PRICES .- By growing the trees ourselves and selling them with as little expense as possible, we can offer you first class stock at about 1/4 the price asked by agents and considerably below the price asked by the expensive catalogue firms. Look at our price list. Remember it takes three years to grow a tree for you. We are selling you our stock at just a living price.

Therefore, if you have not dealt with us before, we earnestly invite you to consider these points before placing your order elsewhere this year. We advertise in the best farm papers in the country, papers that guarantee their subscribers against fraud of any kind. We have satisfied customers in nearly every state in the Union and we invite the fullest inquiry as to our reliability and standing in Dansville for thirty-five years. In conclusion, we wish to thank all our old customers for their liberal patronage in the past, and we assure you all that we will appreciate very much your continued business and any word of introduction and recommendation that you will give to your friends and neighbors.

CATALOGUE OF

# King Brothers Nurseries DANSVILLE, NEW YORK

Description of all the varieties of fruit trees and small fruits that we grow and sell, giving their form, size, color, quality, use and season of ripening together with recommendations of varieties for cultivation in different sections of the country, compiled by America's leading orchardists and horticultural experts under the direction of the American Pomological Society.

Note:-Find, from the following description, the district in which you intend to Then, in studying the table of fruits, look for the marks after a variety in the column that indicates your district. Varieties known to succeed in a given district are indicated by a cipher 0; if highly successful by two ciphers 00; if considered promising by a dagger +; if not reported on by a dotted line

District No. 1—Maine above 500 feet elevation; New Hampshire, Vermont and New York north of latitude 44°; Ontario north of Lake Simcoe and east of longitude 80°; Quebec, New Brunswick, and Prince Edward Island. The dominant natural feature of this district is the St. Lawrence Valley. Many of the hardier fruits flourish within its borders.

District No 2—Nova Scotia; Maine below 500 feet elevation; New Hampshire and Vermont south of latitude 44°; Massachusetts; Rhode Island; Connecticut; New York south of latitude 44°, except Long Island, northern New Jersey above 500 feet elevation; Pennsylvania east of the Susquehanna River and above 500 feet elevation, north of latitude 41 west of the Allegheny River, and all of that portion of the State lying north of the Ohio River; Ohio and Indiana north of latitude 400; the lower peninsula of Michigan; and Ontario south of Lake Simcoe. The Annapolis Valley of Nova Scotia, the North Atlantic coast, the lake region of Western New York, Ohio, Ontario, and Michigan, and the Hudson River Valley are the leading features of District No. 2. This may be considered the northern grape, peach, and winter-apple district.

District No. 3—Long Island; New Jersey, except a small portion north; eastern Pennsylvania below 500 feet elevation; Delaware; and Maryland and Virginia below 500 feet elevation. This is the Delaware and Cheaspeake Bay district. Though a small district, its productive capacity of the fruits that succeed within its best-days is great. its borders is great.

District No 4—Pennsylvania above 500 feet elevation and south of latitude 41°; Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, and Alabama above 500 feet elevation; West Virginia; Tennesee and Kentucky; Ohio and Indiana south of latitude 40°; southern Illinois below the general elevation of 500 feet, from the Wabash to the Mississippi; Missouri south of a line from near St. Louis and along the elevation of 1,000 feet to the southeast corner of Kansas; Oklahoma below 2,000 feet elevation; and Arkansas north of latitude 35°, also south of it wherever the elevation exceeds 500 feet. The Allegheny and the Ozark mountains and the valleys of the Ohio, the Tennesee, and the Cumberland and portions of the Wabash, the Mississippi, and the Arkansas rivers are embraced within this district. Portions of it are noted fruit regions, while throughout its vast territory the hardier deciduous fruits flourish. Many of the varieties recommended succeed best in certain localities within the district. An exception to the general character of the district occurs in those portions of Kentucky, Tennessee, Arkansas, and southeastern Missouri lying near the Mississippi River, where varieties adapted to culture in districts 5 and 7 generally succeed.

District No 5—Eastern North Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia below 500 feet elevation; and Florida north of latitude 30° east of the Chattahoochee River and above 100 feet elevation. This district embraces the southern Atlantic seaboard, with its many frith-like indentations and valleys. The climate is generally mild, and within its borders many of the more tender deciduous fruits

District No. 6—Florida south of latitude 30°, the remaining portions of the State with elevations below 100 feet, and those portions of Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas, and Texas lying below the 100-foot contour line as it skirts the coast from Florida to the Rio Grande. This is the southern peninsula and the Gulf Coast district. The successful culture of citrus and other subtropical fruits and nuts is restricted to the peninsula portion of Florida and to the Delta of the Mississippi. Tropical species are only recommended for that portion of Florida lying south of latitude 27°, and are indicated by the letter s in connection with the starring.

District No. 7-Florida west of the Chattahoochee River and above 100 feet eleration; Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, and Arkansas above 100 and below 500 feet elevation; and Texas south of Red River and above 100 and below 1,000 feet elevation. This many be denominated the valley district. It embraces portions of the Chattahoochee, Alabama, Pearl, Mississippi, Arkansas, Red, Sabine, Colorado, and Rio Grande valleys. The climate in the eastern and larger portion is warm and moist, in the extreme west more dry and tending toward aridity. A wide range of the more tender varieties and species is adapted to culture in this district.

District No. 8—Illinois north of the 500-foot contour line as it crosses the State between 38° and 39° latitude; a very small portion of southwest Wisconsin; Iowa south of about latitude 42° 30′; the Missouri River Valley portion of southeastern South Dakota; Nebraska and Kansas below 2,000 feet elevation; and Missouri north of a line drawn from near St. Louis and along the elevation of 1,000 feet to the southeast corner of Kansas. The Missouri and Mississippi valley sections of the district are its dominant features. The hardy deciduous fruits succeed in most portions, and commercial fruit growing is a rapidly developing industry.

District No. 9—Wisconsin except the small southwest corner; Minnesota; upper Michigan; Iowa north of about latitude 42° 30′; North and South Dakota east of longitude 99° and Canada west of longitude 80° and east of longitude 99°. This district embraces the upper lakes, including Winnipeg the upper Mississippi and the Red River valleys. Only the hardier fruits succeed, but fair progress has been made in recent years in developing varieties adapted to this region.

#### Section 1.—Apples (Malus).

[Key.—Abbreviations used in the descriptions of varieties. Form: c, conical; o, ovate; ob, oblate obl. obloug; r, round. Size: l, large; m, medium; s, small; v, very. Color: b, blushed; c, crimson; d, dark; g, green; p, pale; r, red; ru, russet; s, striped; w, white; y, yellow. Flavor: a, acid; b, brisk; m, mild; p, pleasant; r, rich; s, sweet; sa, subacid; v, very; vi, vinous. Quality: b, best; g, good; p, poor; v, very. Use: c, cider; d, dessert; k, kitchen; m, market. Season: e, earl; t, late, m, medium; v, very. Varieties known to succeed in a given district are indicated by a cipher (0); if highly successful by two ciphers (00); if considered promising by a dagger (†); if not reported on by a dotted line (...)

#### Section 4.—Cherries (Prunus).

[KEY.—Form: c, compressed; h, heartshaped; o, oblate; r, round. Size: l, large; m, medium; s, small; v, very. Color: a, amber; b, black; d, dark; p, purple; r, red; w, white; y, yellow. Quality: b, best; g, good; v, very. Use: d, dessert; k, kitchen; m, market. Season: e, early; l, late; m, medium; v, very.]

		-	HE	CART	AND	BIGA	RREA	U							
Bing		vl	b		vg	dm	1		+				 		
Centenniai	OII.	vl	yr		vg	dm					0	0	 		
Lambert	h	1	pr		vg	dm	ml		. 4				 	54.8	
Napoleon	h	• 1	yr		gvg	m	m		0	00	0	0	 	0	
Rockport	oh	lvl	ra		vg	dm	. m		0	0			 		
Smith									0			0	 		
Spanish	oh	vl	yr	1. 11/	vg	d	em	0	, 0	0	0		 	+	
Tartarian	h	1	b		vgb	dm	em	0	00	0	0	00	 	+	
Windsor	h	ml	yr		gvg	dm	1	0	0	0	+	0	 	+	
Wood	rh	ml	yr		vg	dm	em		00	0	0		 	0	

#### Dyehouse. L'ge Montmorency May Duke. Montmorency... Morello. Olivet. Ostheime. Richmond. km dk km km dk dkm vg vg vg or ge v 00 r rh r r rb rb

DUKE AND MORELLO CHERRIES

#### Section 10.—Pears (Pyrus communis and P. sinensis.)

[KEY.—Form: i, irregular; o, oblate; obl, oblong; obo, obovate; obt, obtuse; ov, ovate; pyriform; r, round; t, turbinate. Size: l, large; m, medium; s, small; v, very. Color: b, brown c, crimson; g, green; o, orange; r, red; ru, russet; w, white; y, vellow Qnality: b, best; g, good p, poor; v, very. Use: d, dessert; k, kitchen; m, market. Season: e, early; l, late; m, medium v very!

Angouleme	obtp	vl	gyru		vg	dkm	m	0	00	00	00	- 0		0	0	0	ı
Aniou	oblp	1	gyru		vg	dm	ml	0	00	00	0				00	00	ı
Bartlett	oblp	1	yru		vg	dkm	m	0	00	00	00	00		00	00°	0	ı
Clapp Favorite	obtp	1	yrb		g	km	m	00	00	0	0				0	0	ı
Flemish	obtp	1	yrb	0.0	vg	dm	me	0	0	0	0				0	00	ı
Kieffer	rp	ml	yrub	1	p	km	ml	†	0	0	00	00	00	00	00	00	ı
Lawrence	obop	m	yru		vgb	dm	1	0	00	0	0				0		ı
Seckel	rp	S	cybru		b	d	ml		00	00	00	0			00	00	ı
Sheldon	robt	ml	geru		vgb	dm	ml	0	00	0	0				0		ı
Vermont Beauty	oblp	m	yeru		vg	d	m	00	0								ı
Wilder Early	p	ms	ybr		vg	dm	me	00	0		0				+		ı

## Section 12.—Quinces (Cydonia).

Champion		1	gy					0						
Meech		1	oy				m		+ 0	0	1	 	00	
Orange	rob	VI	oy	]	vg	km	e	1010	00   00	00	1 00	 	00 1	

## Section 14.—Strawberries (Fragaria).

[Key.-Form: c. conical: l, long; ob, oblate: obl, oblong; r, round. Size: l, large; m, medium; s, small; v, very. Color: c, crimson; d, dark; l, light; r, red; s, scarlet. Quality: b, best; g, good; v, very. Use: d, dessert; k, kitchen; m, market; Season: e, early; l, late; m, medium; v, very.

-1											1 .						e:
	Brandywine	obe	vl	c	vg	dm	ml		0	0	00		00		+	0	ı
	Gandy	c	1	le	vg	dm	1	0	00	00	0	0	0	00	60	0	
	Glen Mary	re	vl	c	gvg	dm	m	0	0	0	0		0			0	ı
i	Marshall	rc	vl	dr	vg	dm	m		0	0							ı
1	Michel	obc	m	r	vg	dm	me	0	0	0	0		0	0	0		ı
1	Sharpless	re	vl	lr	gvg	dm	m	00	0	0	0		0		0	0	l
1	Warfield	e	m	dr	gvg	m	e	0	00	0					00	00	ı
1	Wilson	c	m	de	gvg	m	me	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	ı

#### Section 9.—Peaches (Amygdalus).

[Key.-Form: c, compressed; f, flat; ob, oblate; obl, oblong; ov, oval; r, round. Size: l, largem, medium; s, small; v, very. Color: b, blushed; c, creamy; g, green; r, red; w, white; y, yellow, Adhesion: c, cling; f. free; sc, semicling. Quality: b, best; g, good; p, poor; v, very. Use: d, dessert; k, kitchen; m, market. Season: e, early; l, late; m, medium; v, very.]

			Des	cripti	on			Red	comn	ienda	tion	s for	the se	evera	l dist	ricts
NAME	Form	Size	Color	Adhesion	Quality	Use	Season	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Alexander. Beers Belle Carman Chairs Champion Chili Crosby Early Crawford Elberta Fitzeerald Foster Greensboro Heath Late Crawford Mountain Rose Niagara Oldmixon Cling	rob r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r	m ml ml l ml wl vl vl vl l vl l l l l l l l l l l l	wr cwr w yr cyr yr yr yr yr yr yr yr yr yr yr yr yr	sc f f f f f f f f f f f f f f f f f f f	gg gg gg gg vg ggb vg ggb	km dkm dm dm km	ve e e m em ml ml me m ml e 1 l em me m	0	0 00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	00	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Oldmixon Free Rivers	rov	ml ml	cwr	f	vg g	dk dm	m e e		00 0 00	00	0 0	0 0		00	0 0	
St. John	r rob ov ov	l l ml	yr yr y gw	f f	20 20 20 20	m m m	l l ve		00 00 0	00	00			0 0	00 00 0	

#### Section 7.—Grapes (Vitis).

#### Key for Grapes, Raspberries, Blackberries, Currants and Gooseberries

[KEY.—Form: c, conical; ov, oval; ob, obtuse; obl, oblong; r, round. Size: l, large; m, medium; s, small; v, very. Color: a, amber; b, black; c, crimson; g, green; p, pale; pu, purple; r, red; w, white; y, yellow. Quality: b, best; g, good; p, poor; v, very. Use: d, dessert; k, kitchen; m, market. Season: e, early; l, late; m, medium; v, very.]

									-								-
Agawam	ro	vl	rb		vg	am	m		0	0	0	0			0	1 0	1
Barry	r	vl	b		vg	dm	m		0						0		ı
Brighton	r	-1	r		vg	d	e	00	00	00	00	00			00	00	1
Brilliant	r	ml	r		vg	dm	e			0	0			00		+	ı
Campbell	r	1	b	7	vg	dm	e		0	+	0					00	ı
Catawba	r	1	г		vg	dm	vl		. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0		П
Champion	r	m	b		g	m	ve		0	. 0				0			П
Concord	r	ml	b		g	m	m	00	00	00	00	00		00	00	00	L
Cottage	r	1	b		g	m	m		0	0	0	0			0		
Delaware	r	S	r		b	dm	m	0	00	0	00	00	0	0	00	00	
Diamond	r	m	gw		vg	dm	m		00	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	
Diana	ro	m	r		vg	d	m		0		+	0					
Duchess	го	sm	gy		vgb	d	m		0								
Eaton	r	1	b		g	m	ml			+							
Empire	r	ms	W		vg	d	m		0	0					+	+	
Gaertner		ml	r		vg	d	me			+	+	0					
Goethe	0	vl	ygr	11- "	vg	d	1		0	+	0	0			0		
Hartford	r	ml	b		g	m	e	0	0	0	0			0	0		
Hayes	r	m	yw		vg	d	e		0		0						
Herbert	r	ml	b		vg	dm	e	0	0	0	+						
Iona	ro	m	r		vgb	d	m		0								
Isabella	ro	1	b		g	dm	m		0			0					
Ives	ro	m	b		g	mw	e	0	0	0	0	0	00	0	0		
Jefferson	r	m	r		vg	d	ml		0	+	+		0				
Lady	r	ml	W	"	vg	d	me		0	0							
Martha	r	m	yw		vg	dm	e				0						
Massasoit	г	1	Г		g	dm	m	0	0		7						
Merrimac	r	vl	b		vg	dm	m		0	+	+				0		
Moore	r	vl	b	150	g	dm	e	00	00	00	00	00	0	00	00	00	
Moyer	r	S	r		vg	dm	m		0								
Niagara	ro	1	w		vg	dm	m	0	00	00	00	0	0	0	00	+	
Pocklington	г	vl	wy	T	g	m	em		0	+				0	0		1
Salem	r	vl	r		vg	dm	m		0	0	0	+					
Triumph	r	1	У		vg	á	vl								0		
Vergennes	0	1	r.	1 7 7 7	vg	dm	m		0	+	0	0					
Victor	r	m	b.		vg	d	ve		0		0						
Washington	r	ml	yw	0	vg	d	1			+	+				0		
Wilder	r	vl	b	-	vg	dm	m		0	0				0			
Worden	r	1	b		vg	dm	em		00	00	00	0	0	0	00	00	
Wyoming	r	sm	r		g	m	m	-	]						+		1
												_	-				-

### Section 13.—Raspberries (Rubus).

Columbian	r	vl	pu		g	km	е	00	00	+	0	0	 0	0	00
Cumberland	rob	vl	b	100	vgb	dm	e		0	0	0	0	 		0
Eureka	r	ml	b		g	km	me		0		0		 		00
Gregg	rob	1	b ·		g	m	m	00	00	0	00	0	 		00
Kansas	r	ml	b		vg	km	m	+	00	0	00		 	00	00
Ohio	r	m	b.		g	km	e	0	0	+	0		 		00
Cuthbert	rc	ml	Г		vg	m	m	00	Ä	00	00	00	 0		00
Golden	re	ml	y		vg	dk	m	00	0		0	0	 		
King	r	m	cr		g	dm	e		+				 		00
Loudon	re	ml	r		g	dm	m	0	0	+	0	0	 		60
Marlboro	r	1	r		g	m	mi	0	0	0			 		0

#### Section 5.—Currants (Ribes).

Champion	г	vl	b		gvg	km	em	0	0		0		 0	0
Lee	r	ml	b	1100	vg	km	m	0	ŏ	0	ő	 	 0	0
Cherry	r	vl	r		g	m	m	00	00	00	00	 	 00	0
Fay	г	νl	Г		g	m	m	00	00	00	00	 	 00	0
Perfection									+			 	 00	0
Red Dutch	r	ml	r		vg	dm	m	0	0	0	00	 	 00	00
Victoria	r	m	r		g	m	m	0	0	0	0	 	 00	00
White Dutch	r	ml	W		vgh	d	m	00	0	0	0	 	 0	0
White Grape	r	1	W		vg	m	m	00	0	0	00	 	 00	00

#### Section 6.—Gooseberries (Ribes).

Chautauqua Industry Downing Houghton Jesselyn	r r rov rov	l vl ml s ml	gw r g gr r		vgb vg g gvg vg	km km km dk	m e m m	0 00 00 00	0 0 00 0 0	0 0 0	0 00 00 00 -0	 	 † † 00 00 00	0 0 00 00 00
Smith	OA	m	yg	1000	vg	dk	e	0	0	0	ő	 	 0	+

### Section 3.—Blackberries and Dewberries (Rubus).

Agawam	robl	1	b	bvg	dm	ve	0	00				 		
Briton Eldorado Erie King Kittatinny Mercereau Snyder Lucretia	obl robl robl	lv1	b b b	g vg g vg vg	m dkm m dm dkm	m e m ve ml ml e	co	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 + + 0 0 00 00	0 0 0	00	00 00 00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	00

#### Section 11.—Plums (Prunus).

[Key.—Form: c, compressed; f, flattened; ob, obovate; obl, oblong; ov, oval; r, round. Size.
l, large; m, medium; s, small; v, very. Color: b, black; br, brown; g, greeu; p, purple; r, red, v, violet; w, white; y, yellow. Adhesion: c, cling; f, free; sc, semiling. Quality: b, best; s, good
p, poor; v, very, Use: c, curing; d, dessert; k, kitchen; m, market. Season: e, early; l, late m
medium; v, very!

Arctic	rov	ms	b	se	g	dk	m	00	0		0	1		1	1	
Bradshaw	ovr	m1	pr	f	g	dm	m	00	00	0	0					
Damson	OV	8	b	f	g	km	ml	00	0		0_				00	
German	. OV	sm	bp	f	g	ckm	m	0			0					
Golden Drop	OV	lvl	y	se	g	edm	m	0			0					
Grand Duke	OV	lvl	b	e	g	km	1				+					
Green Gage	ov	m	gy	sc	b	d	m	0								
Gueii	OV	m	bp.	e	g	m	m	0			0					
Imperial Gage	rov	m	yg	f	vgb	dim	m			0	0				0	
Lombard	rov	ml	rv	C	g	km	me	00			0				00	00
Pride	T	1	p		g	km	1		00							
Shropshire	ov	8	b.	c	g	km	m		00	0	0				00	
Yellow Egg	ov	V1	gy		Vg	ck	m	0	00		0				0	
Abundance	rov	ml	br	e	g	km	me	0	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	+
Burbank	re	1	rp	e	g	km	ml	0	00	0	0	0	0	00	00	+
Red June	OΥ	m	r	se	g	km -	ve	+		00	00	00		0	0	0
Wickson	r	vl	rp		vg	m	m		+		0	0		0		

## Section 2.—Apricots (Prunus).

[Key.—Form: c, compressed; co, conical; ob, oblate; obl, oblong; r, round. Size: l, large; m, medium; s, small; v, very. Color: b, blushed; c, crimson; o, orange; r, red; w, white; y, yellow. Adhesion: c, cling; f, free; sc, semicling. Quality: b, best; g, good; p, poor; v, very. Use: d, des sert; k, kitchen; m, market. Scason: e, early; l. late; m, medium; v, very.]

		1									 			
Alexander		m	ov		g	dm	m	 			 			
Harris	obleo	m	or		g	dm	ve	 0			 			
Moorpark	r	vl	or	f	gvg	d	m	 0	0	0	 	00	0	
Orange	obr	m	OT	se	gp	k	e	 	+	0	 			

# Fall Delivery of Nursery Stock

We copy the following from an editorial that appeared in The Rural New Yorker in July of this year: "We think many of our people would be better off to buy their nursery trees in the fall. They would be better served and less likely to receive a lot of misfits and substitutes if they bought in the fall. The nurseryman has more time then to sort and pack. In spring he is rushed through a short season. We think, too, that most nurserymen would make a little better price for fall delivery. If you do not like fall planting you can heel in the trees safely over winter and have them just when you want them in the spring. You also know just what sort of trees you are buying and if there should be any question about them you can settle it and not have the question come up just as the trees ought to go in the ground. You can if you like send samples to the experiment station or to fruit meetings for inspection or identification. There are more arguments yet for fall buying and we think it will pay."

We can give you better service, and we can afford to sell the trees cheaper if you will send us your order early. We are quoting our trees this fall at a lower figure than in the past, and we are making this reduction because of the great advantage that it is to us to have your order early. It enables us to get part of our trees delivered when we have ample time in the fall and thus lessen the rush of spring shipping.

Fall planting is practised quite extensively with great success. The ground is in much better condition in the fall, being mellow and warm and, before spring, fall planted stock gets well established in its new position and so gets an early start and makes a large growth the first season.

It is a simple matter to heel in trees over winter. Select a dry spot where no water will stand, having no grass to invite mice, and trench the trees in according to the directions which we will send with each shipment. Trees may be kept with perfect safety in this manner. They will come out fresh and fine in the spring and be ready when you want them to plant.

KING BROTHERS' NURSERIES.

## OUR CONSULTING DEPARTMENT

In addition to sending this bulletin to our customers quarterly, we invite them to make use of our Consulting Department whenever in need of advice about trees. We will tell you what to do ourselves—teach you the nursery business if you want to learn it, or put you in touch with experts on the particular subject about which you seek information. This is an original and special feature of our firm. We have helped others, let us help you.

## King Brothers Nurseries, Dansville, N. Y.

See Pages T	wo and Three for	Complete List of	of All the Varieti	es We Grow
WHO	LESA	IFP	RICF	IIS
		ALL, 19		
T1: 1:				
	Cancels all previo			
Į.	lealthy, St	urdy Two-	vear Trees	S
	sort at 100 rates		400 of a kind at 1,000	
Apple	5 to 7 ft.	4 to 5 ft.	3 to 4 ft.	2 1-2 to 3 f
Pear, Plum, Cherry and Quince	25c \$2.00 \$15.00 \$120.00 25c \$2.00 \$17.00 \$150.00	20c \$1.50 \$10.00 \$90.00 20c \$1.50 \$13.00 \$120.00	15c \$1.00 \$8.00 \$60.00 15c \$1.00 \$9.00 \$80.00	\$5.00 \$40.00 \$6.00 \$50.00
Quince	Ponch 1 ware		.00 per 10; \$80.00 per 1000	
	Peach—1 year	$\begin{cases} 3 \text{ to 4 feet—10c each; } 800 \\ 2\frac{1}{2} \end{cases}$ to 3 feet—8c each; 60	c per 10: \$60.00 per 1000	
C Strong to	way ying 10e oach 05e			voor bushes DDIC
the following varieties: 100, Campbell's Early \$10 Gaertner \$8.50 per 100 per 100, Washington \$17. <b>Currants</b> Two-your 1	year No. 1 plants, PRICE: 1 .0, \$4.50 per 100, \$40.00 he following varieties: Blac	per 10, \$7.50 PRICES on the \$13.50 per 100, \$7.00 per 1000, \$7.00 pe	Select two- cents each 5.00 per thousand.  Select two- cents each 5.00 per thousand.  Select two- cents each 5.00 per 10, \$1.75  Select two- cents each 5.00 per 10, \$1.75  Select two- cents each cents Price 40c per 10, \$1.75  Select two- cents each cents Price 40c per 10, \$1.75  Select two- cents each cents Price 75 cents per 1000  Select two- cents each cents each cents Price 75 cents per 1000	per 100, \$16.00 per Price 50c per 10, \$ PRICE—Cuthbert \$
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